# Wandering and getting lost:

the architecture of an app activating local communities on dementia issues

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# SDU 🎓

University of Southern Denmark Department of Mathematics & Computer Science

Outline

#### 1 Sammen Om Demens

- 2 Implementation
- 3 Experimental Setup

#### 4 Results

5 Conclusion & Future Work

- Introduction

■ What is SOD?

► An app implemented for a Danish municipality

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- I What is SOD?
  - ▶ An app implemented for a Danish municipality
- Motivation:
  - Improve the handling of cases where people with dementia get lost
  - Use new technological innovations in doing so

- Introduction

- I What is SOD?
  - ▶ An app implemented for a Danish municipality
- Motivation:
  - Improve the handling of cases where people with dementia get lost
  - Use new technological innovations in doing so

Goals:

- ▶ Create awareness about dementia among ordinary citizens
- Involve ordinary citizens in helping persons with dementia
- ▶ Alleviate the anxiety of persons with dementia and caregivers

- Overview

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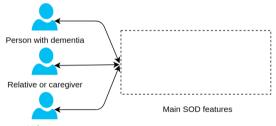


- Overview



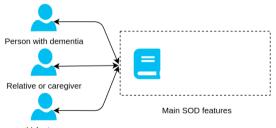
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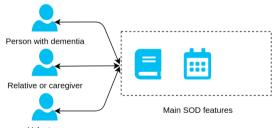
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  - A knowledge bank



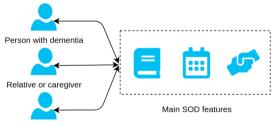
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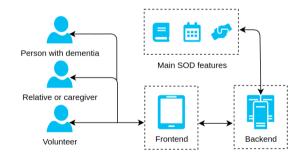


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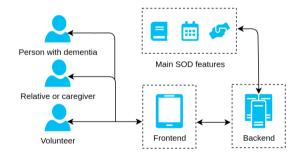
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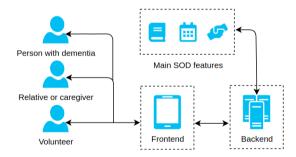
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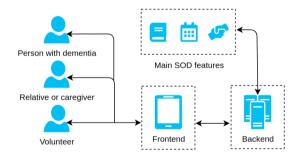
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- It should be scalable and able to process data effeciently and reliably



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- ▶ It should be maintainable and structurally flexible



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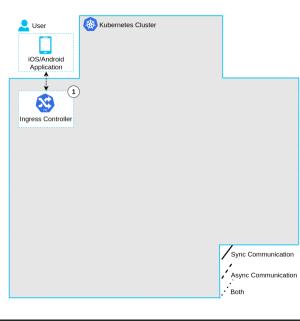
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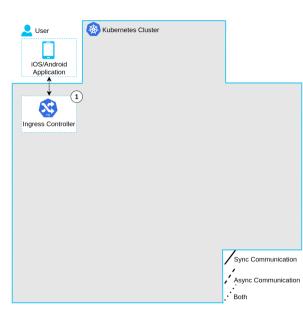
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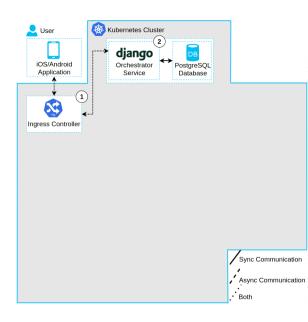
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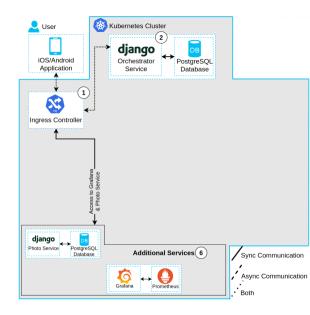
■ The entry point of the system is an Ingress Controller ①



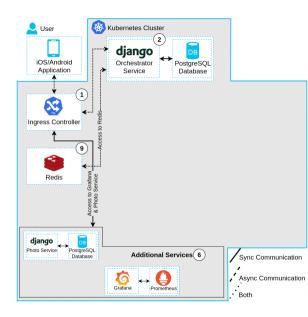
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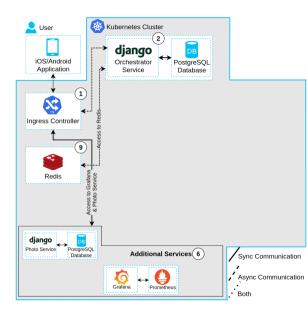
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- It also reserves a direct route to Additional Services 6



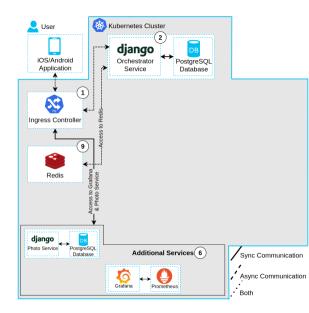
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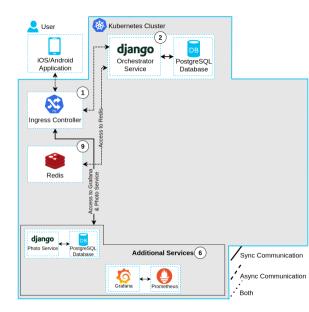
- The Orchestrator ② routes requests to other microservices through Redis ③
- It handles the creation, activation, deletion, update, and retrieval of users



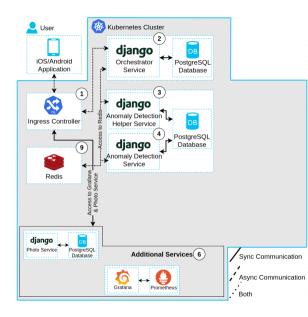
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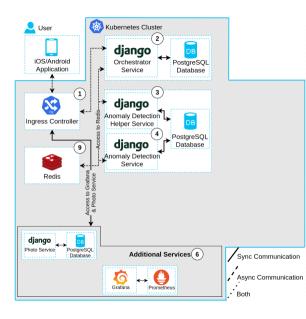
- The Orchestrator (2) routes requests to other microservices through Redis (9)
- It handles the creation, activation, deletion, update, and retrieval of users
- It makes it easy to authorize and authenticate a user in a single place
  - It handles WebSocket connections



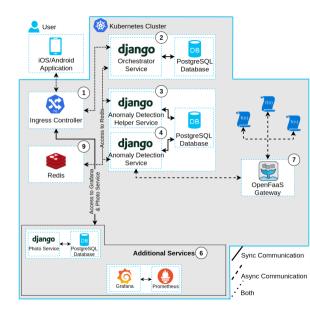
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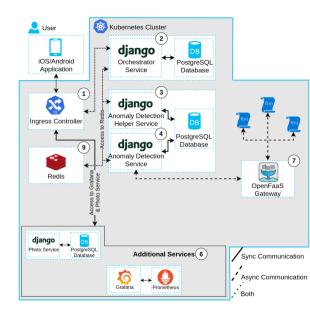
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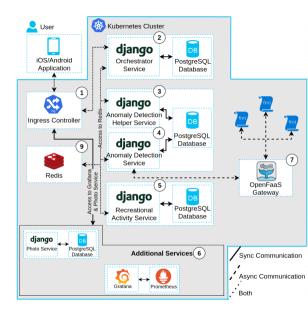
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- Microservice ③ acts as a database buffer and handles bulk operations on raw data
- Microservice ④ handles coordination of function execution triggered through the OpenFaaS Gateway ⑦
- OpenFaaS provides the infrastructure for implementing the detection algorithms



# The recreational activity calendar is implemented by (5)



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Microsoft Azure Setup:



Master Node

Worker Node

Standard D16v4 VM: - 16 vCPUs - 32 GB RAM

- System Configuration

#### Microsoft Azure Setup:

 Kubernetes cluster consisting of a master and a worker node



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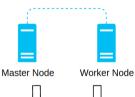


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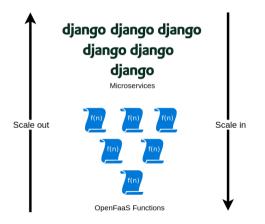


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  - ▶ Min & max number of replicas

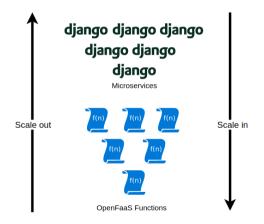


- System Configuration

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- ▶ Min & max number of replicas
- CPU and memory resource requests

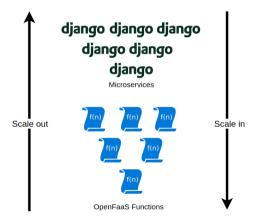


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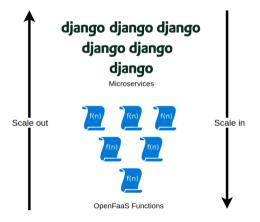


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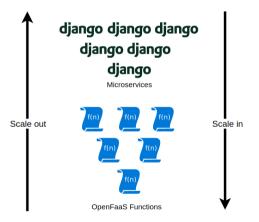


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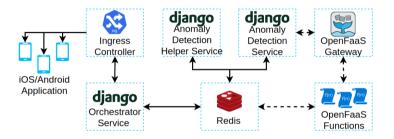
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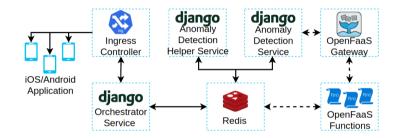
- ▶ Min & max number of replicas
- CPU and memory resource requests
- Autoscaling triggered based on:
  - CPU utilization for microservices
  - Requests per second for OpenFaaS functions



- Load Test Description

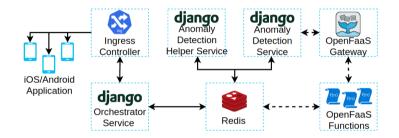


- Load Test Description



I Load tests target the infrastructure used by the help component

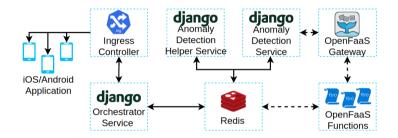
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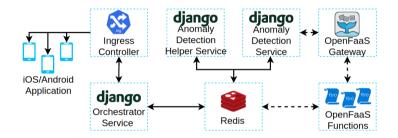
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- They measure the performance of the system under the following conditions:
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- Invoked functions compute a moving average of the incoming location data

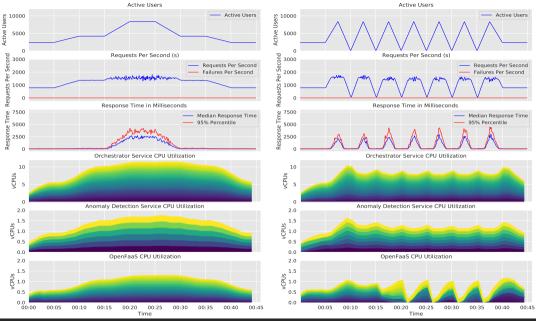
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Microservices and serverless computing

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  - We need to extended and improve the functionalities:
    - Implement artificial intelligence techniques
    - Build out the OpenFaaS function execution pipeline

Thank you for your attention!